Document Title

32Kx8 Bit High-Speed CMOS Static RAM(5V Operating).
Operated at Commercial and Industrial Temperature Ranges.

Revision History

Rev.No.	<u>History</u>	Draft Data	Remark
Rev. 0.0	Initial release with Preliminary.	Aug. 1. 1998	Preliminary
Rev. 1.0	Release to Final Data Sheet.	Nov. 2. 1998	Final
Rev. 2.0	2.1. Add Low Power Version.	Feb. 25. 1999	Final
	2.2. Add data retention characteristic		

The attached data sheets are prepared and approved by SAMSUNG Electronics. SAMSUNG Electronics CO., LTD. reserve the right to change the specifications. SAMSUNG Electronics will evaluate and reply to your requests and questions on the parameters of this device. If you have any questions, please contact the SAMSUNG branch office near your office, call or contact Headquarters.



32K x 8 Bit High-Speed CMOS Static RAM

FEATURES

Operating

• Fast Access Time 10, 12, 15ns(Max.)

• Low Power Dissipation

Standby (TTL) : 20mA(Max.) (CMOS) : 2mA(Max.)

> 0.6mA(Max.) L-ver. Only K6E0808C1E-10:80mA(Max.) K6E0808C1E-12:80mA(Max.)

K6E0808C1E-15:80mA(Max.)

• Single 5.0V±10% Power Supply

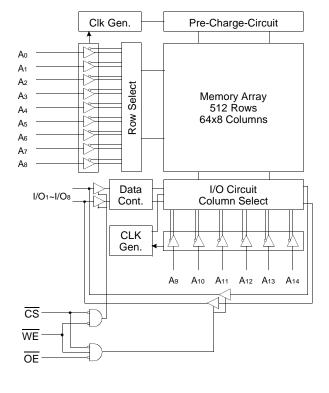
- TTL Compatible Inputs and Outputs
- I/O Compatible with 3.3V Device
- Fully Static Operation
 - No Clock or Refresh required
- Three State Outputs
- 2V Minimum Data Retention : L-Ver. only
- Standard Pin Configuration

K6E0808C1E-J : 28-SOJ-300 K6E0808C1E-T : 28-TSOP1-0813. 4F

ORDERING INFORMATION

K6E0808C1E-C10/C12/C15	Commercial Temp.
K6E0808C1E-I10/I12/I15	Industrial Temp.

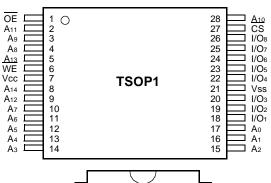
FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

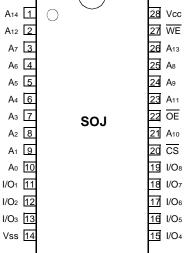


GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The K6E0808C1E is a 262,144-bit high-speed Static Random Access Memory organized as 32,768 words by 8 bits. The K6E0808C1E uses 8 common input and output lines and has an output enable pin which operates faster than address access time at read cycle. The device is fabricated using SAMSUNG's advanced CMOS process and designed for high-speed circuit technology. It is particularly well suited for use in high-density high-speed system applications. The K6E0808C1E is packaged in a 300mil 28-pin plastic SOJ or TSOP1 forward.

PIN CONFIGURATION (Top View)





PIN FUNCTION

Pin Name	Pin Function
A0 - A14	Address Inputs
WE	Write Enable
CS	Chip Select
ŌE	Output Enable
I/O1 ~ I/O8	Data Inputs/Outputs
Vcc	Power(+5.0V)
Vss	Ground



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

Parame	eter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Voltage on Any Pin Relative to Vss		VIN, VOUT -0.5 to 7.0		V
Voltage on Vcc Supply Relative to Vss		Vcc -0.5 to 7.0		V
Power Dissipation		PD	1.0	W
Storage Temperature		Тѕтс	-65 to 150	°C
Operating Temperature	Commercial	Та	0 to 70	°C
	Industrial	TA	-40 to 85	°C

^{*} Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

RECOMMENDED DC OPERATING CONDITIONS*(TA=0 to 70°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Ground	Vss	0	0	0	V
Input High Voltage	VIH	2.2	-	Vcc+0.5***	V
Input Low Voltage	VIL	-0.5**	-	0.8	V

^{*} The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.

DC AND OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS*(TA=0 to 70°C,Vcc=5.0V±10% unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
Input Leakage Current	ILI	VIN = Vss to Vcc	Vin = Vss to Vcc			μΑ
Output Leakage Current	llo	CS=VIH or OE=VIH or WE=VIL VOUT = Vss to VCC	-2	2	μА	
Operating Current	Icc	Min. Cycle, 100% Duty		-	80	mA
	CS=VIL, VIN = VIH or VIL, IOUT=0mA		12ns	-	80	
			15ns	-	80	
Standby Current	Isb	Min. Cycle, CS=Vін		-	20	mA
	ISB1	f=0MHz, CS≥Vcc-0.2V,	Normal	-	2	mA
		VIN≥Vcc-0.2V or VIN≤0.2V	L-Ver	-	0.6	
Output Low Voltage Level	Vol	IoL=8mA		-	0.4	V
Output High Voltage Level	Voн	lон=-4mA		2.4	-	V
	Vон1**	Юн1=0.1mA		-	3.95	V

^{*} The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.

CAPACITANCE*(TA=25°C, f=1.0MHz)

Item	Symbol	Test Conditions	MIN	Max	Unit
Input/Output Capacitance	Cı/o	VI/O=0V	-	8	pF
Input Capacitance	Cin	VIN=0V	-	7	pF

^{*} Capacitance is sampled and not 100% tested.



^{**} VIL(Min) = -2.0(Pulse Width≤7ns) for I≤20mA.

^{***} VIH(Max) = Vcc+2.0V(Pulse Width≤7ns) for I≤20mA.

^{**} Vcc=5.0V±5%, Temp.=25°C.

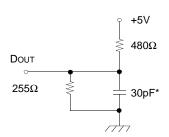
AC CHARACTERISTICS(TA=0 to 70°C, Vcc=5.0V±10%, unless otherwise noted.)

TEST CONDITIONS

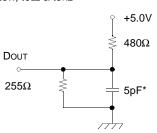
Parameter	Value
Input Pulse Levels	0V to 3V
Input Rise and Fall Times	3ns
Input and Output timing Reference Levels	1.5V
Output Loads	See below

^{*} The above test conditions are also applied at industrial temperature range.

Output Loads(A)



Output Loads(B) for thz, tLz, twhz, tow, toLz & toHz



^{*} Including Scope and Jig Capacitance

READ CYCLE*

Parameter	Symbol	K6E0808C1E-10		K6E0808C1E-12		K6E0808C1E-15		Unit
Faranietei	Syllibol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Oilit
Read Cycle Time	trc	10	-	12	-	15	-	ns
Address Access Time	taa	-	10	-	12	-	15	ns
Chip Select to Output	tco	-	10	-	12	-	15	ns
Output Enable to Valid Output	toe	-	5	-	6	-	7	ns
Chip Enable to Low-Z Output	tLZ	3	-	3	-	3	-	ns
Output Enable to Low-Z Output	toLZ	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
Chip Disable to High-Z Output	tHZ	0	5	0	6	0	7	ns
Output Disable to High-Z Output	tonz	0	5	0	6	0	7	ns
Output Hold from Address Change	tон	3	-	3	-	3	-	ns
Chip Selection to Power Up Time	tpu	0	-	0	=	0	-	ns
Chip Selection to Power DownTime	tPD	-	10	-	12	-	15	ns

^{*} The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.



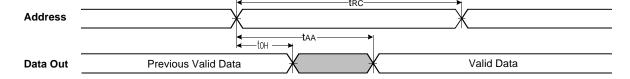
WRITE CYCLE*

Dovometer	Cumbal	K6E0808C1E-10		K6E0808C1E-12		K6E0808C1E-15		11
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
Write Cycle Time	twc	10	-	12	-	15	-	ns
Chip Select to End of Write	tcw	8	-	9	-	10	-	ns
Address Setup Time	tas	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
Address Valid to End of Write	taw	8	-	9	=	10	-	ns
Write Pulse Width(OE High)	twp	8	-	9	-	10	-	ns
Write Pulse Width(OE Low)	tWP1	10	-	12	-	15	-	ns
Write Recovery Time	twr	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
Write to Output High-Z	twnz	0	5	0	6	0	7	ns
Data to Write Time Overlap	tow	5	-	6	-	7	-	ns
Data Hold from Write Time	tDH	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
End Write to Output Low-Z	tow	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns

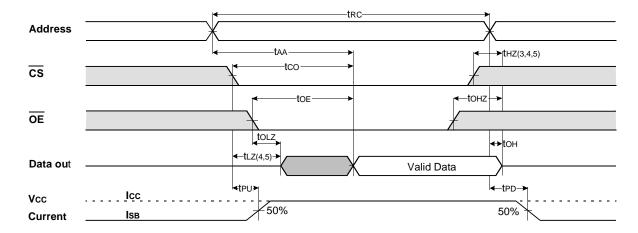
 $^{^{\}star}$ The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.

TIMMING DIAGRAMS

TIMING WAVEFORM OF READ CYCLE(1) (Address Controlled, $\overline{CS} = \overline{OE} = V_{IL}$, $\overline{WE} = V_{IH}$)



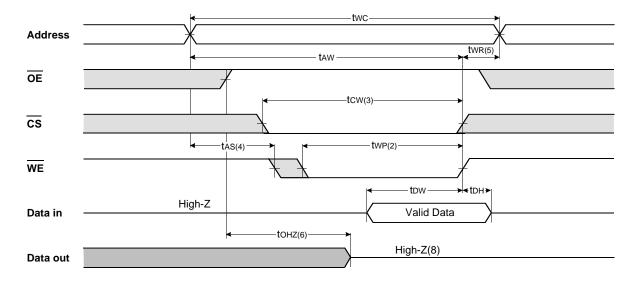
TIMING WAVEFORM OF READ CYCLE(2) (WE=VIH)



NOTES(READ CYCLE)

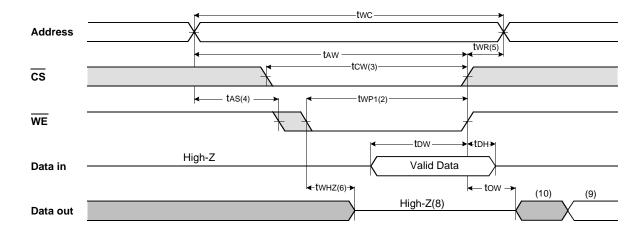
- 1. WE is high for read cycle.
- 2. All read cycle timing is referenced from the last valid address to the first transition address.
- 3. tHz and toHz are defined as the time at which the outputs achieve the open circuit condition and are not referenced to VoH or VoL levels.
- 4. At any given temperature and voltage condition, thz(Max.) is less than tLz(Min.) both for a given device and from device to device.
- 5. Transition is measured ±200mV from steady state voltage with Load(B). This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
- 6. Device is continuously selected with CS=ViL.
- 7. Address valid prior to coincident with $\overline{\text{CS}}$ transition low.
- 8. For common I/O applications, minimization or elimination of bus contention conditions is necessary during read and write cycle.

TIMING WAVEFORM OF WRITE CYCLE(1) (OE= Clock)

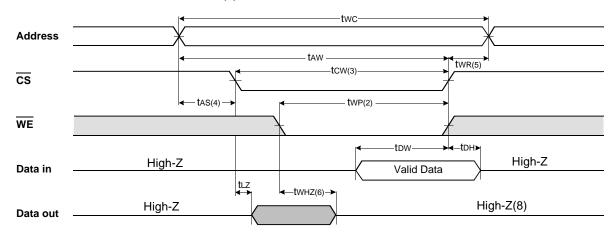




TIMING WAVEFORM OF WRITE CYCLE(2) (OE=Low Fixed)



TIMING WAVEFORM OF WRITE CYCLE(3) (CS = Controlled)



NOTES(WRITE CYCLE)

- 1. All write cycle timing is referenced from the \underline{la} st valid \underline{a} ddress to the first transition address.
- 2. A write occurs during the overlap of a low $\overline{\text{CS}}$ and $\overline{\text{WE}}$. A write begins at the latest transition $\overline{\text{CS}}$ going low and $\overline{\text{WE}}$ going low; A write ends at the earliest transition $\overline{\text{CS}}$ going high or $\overline{\text{WE}}$ going high. two is measured from the beginning of write to the end of write.
- 3. tcw is measured from the later of $\overline{\text{CS}}$ going low to end of write.
- 4. tas is measured from the address valid to the beginning of write.
- 5. twn is measured from the end of write to the address change. twn applied in case a write ends as $\overline{\text{CS}}$ or $\overline{\text{WE}}$ going high.
- 6. If \overline{OE} , \overline{CS} and \overline{WE} are in the Read Mode during this period, the I/O pins are in the output low-Z state. Inputs of opposite phase of the output must not be applied because bus contention can occur.
- 7. For common I/O applications, minimization or elimination of bus contention conditions is necessary during read and write cycle.
- 8. If CS goes low simultaneously with WE going or after WE going low, the outputs remain high impedance state.
- 9. Dout is the read data of the new address.

 10. When CS is low: I/O pins are in the output state. The input signals in the opposite phase leading to the output should not be applied.



FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

CS	WE	OE	Mode	I/O Pin	Supply Current
Н	X	X*	Not Select	High-Z	ISB, ISB1
L	Н	Н	Output Disable	High-Z	Icc
L	Н	L	Read	D ouт	Icc
L	L	Х	Write	DIN	Icc

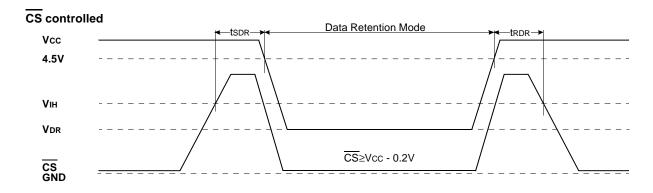
^{*} X means Don't Care.

DATA RETENTION CHARACTERISTICS*(TA=0 to 70°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vcc for Data Retention	VdR	CS ≥Vcc-0.2V	2.0	-	5.5	V
Data Retention Current	IDR	Vcc=3.0V, CS ≥Vcc-0.2V Vin≥Vcc-0.2V or Vin≤0.2V	-	-	0.5	mA
Data Retention Set-Up Time	tsdr	See Data Retention	0	-	-	ns
Recovery Time	trdr	Wave form(below)	5	-	-	ms

^{*} The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range. Data Retention Characteristic is for L-Ver only.

DATA RETENTION WAVE FORM

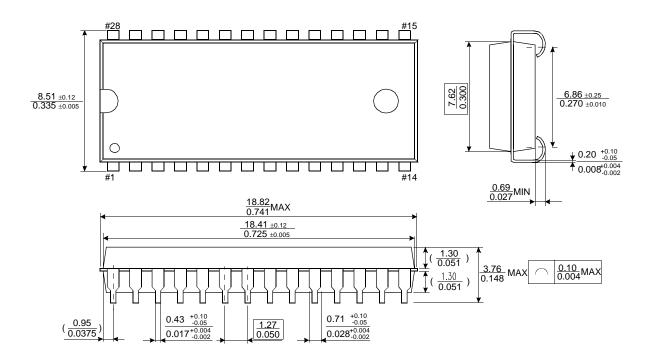




PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

Units:millimeters/Inches

28-SOJ-300



28-TSOP1-0813.4F

